

Preparing Kinnex™-compatible cDNA using Iso-Seq® express 2.0 kit



Procedure & checklist

Overview

This procedure describes the workflow for generating cDNA from polyadenylated (polyA) RNA using the Iso-Seq express 2.0 kit. The resulting cDNA can be used for either (1) generation of Kinnex concatenated libraries using Kinnex concatenation kit 2.0 or (2) construction of Iso-Seq monomer libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0. The libraries are compatible with the PacBio® Vega™ and Revio® systems.

For generating Kinnex™ concatenated libraries, please refer to one of these protocols:

- Procedure & checklist - Preparing Kinnex libraries using Kinnex 8-fold prep kit
- Procedure & checklist - Preparing Kinnex libraries using Kinnex 12-fold prep kit

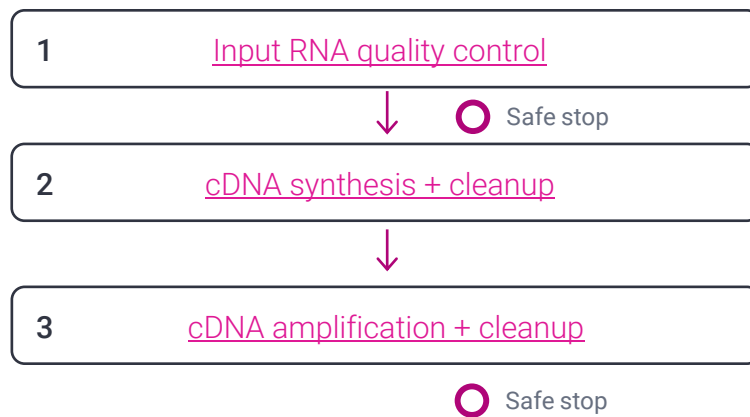
For generating monomer SMRTbell libraries, please refer to the protocol:

- Procedure & checklist - Preparing multiplexed amplicon libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0

Overview	
Samples	1–24
Workflow time	3 hours for up to 24 samples
RNA input	
Quality / size distribution	RIN (RNA integrity number)/ RINe (RNA integrity number equivalent) ≥7.0
Quantity	Total RNA 300 ng (7 µL at 43 ng/µL) per cDNA synthesis



Workflow



Materials and equipment

Recommended RNA and DNA sizing (use one of the following sizing systems)	
2100 Bioanalyzer instrument	Agilent Technologies G2939BA
RNA 6000 Nano kit	Agilent Technologies 5067-1511
DNA High Sensitivity DNA kit	Agilent Technologies 5067-4626
4150 or 4200 TapeStation System	Agilent Technologies G2992AA/ G2991BA
RNA ScreenTape Analysis	Agilent Technologies 5067-5576/5577/5578
High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape Assay	Agilent Technologies 5067-5592/5593/5594
D5000 ScreenTape Assay	Agilent Technologies 5067-5588/5589/5590
DNA quantitation	
Qubit Fluorometer	Thermo Fisher Scientific Q33238
Qubit 1X dsDNA HS Assay kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific Q33230
cDNA Generation	
Iso-Seq [®] express 2.0 kit	PacBio [®] 103-071-500
Elution buffer (50 mL)	PacBio [®] 101-633-500
SMRTbell [®] cleanup beads	PacBio [®] 102-158-300
Other Supplies	
200 Proof ethanol, molecular biology or ACS grade	Any major lab supplier (MLS)
Nuclease-free water, molecular biology grade	Any MLS (e.g., Sigma-Aldrich W4502)
8-channel pipettes – P20 & P200	Any MLS
Single-channel pipette – P2, P10, P20, P100 or P200	Any MLS
0.2 mL 8-tube strips	USA Scientific TempAssure 1402-4708
Magnetic separation rack compatible with 0.2 mL 8-tube strips	Any MLS (e.g., V&P Scientific, Inc. VP772F4-1)
Thermal cycler compatible with 0.2 mL 8-tube strips	Any MLS
DNA LoBind tubes	Eppendorf 022431021
Microcentrifuge	Any MLS

Before you begin

RNA quality

High-quality, intact total RNA is recommended to maximize recovery of full-length transcripts. Evaluate total RNA integrity using an Agilent TapeStation system with RNA ScreenTape Analysis or an equivalent method.

Recommended guidelines for evaluating RNA quality for this protocol:

- Use total RNA with a RINe ≥ 7.0 ; **RINe ≥ 8.0 is preferred.**
- Samples with **RINe < 7.0** may be processed at discretion, with an increased risk of low cDNA yield and quality, downstream library failure, and reduced data quality.
- RNA should be free of contaminants that may inhibit reverse transcription.
- Minimize RNA degradation during handling and storage. Avoid RNase contamination, prolonged exposure to elevated temperature or extreme pH, and unnecessary freeze-thaw cycles.

Important: Iso-Seq library performance and the recovery of full-length transcripts depend on the integrity of the input RNA. Lower-quality RNA may be used with the expectation of reduced library and sequencing performance.

cDNA multiplexing with indexed primers

Twelve indexed cDNA primers are provided in the Iso-seq express 2.0 kit for sample barcoding: use the Iso-Seq cDNA amplification primer in combination with one of the Iso-Seq primers bc01–12 during amplification in Step 3 of this protocol. Each barcode primer is sufficient for 2 reactions, with the Iso-Seq kit supporting a total of 24 reactions.

Safety precautions

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for information on reagent hazards and protocols for safe handling, use, storage, and disposal.

Reagent and sample handling best practices

- Room temperature is defined as any temperature in the range of 18–23°C for this protocol.
- Bring SMRTbell cleanup beads and Qubit 1X dsDNA HS reagents to room temperature for 30 minutes before use.
- Quick-spin all reagents before use to collect liquid at the bottom of the tube.
- Keep temperature-sensitive reagents on ice unless otherwise specified.
- Ensure the SMRTbell cleanup beads are thoroughly mixed to a homogenous suspension before accurately pipetting the required volume, as small changes in bead volume can significantly alter the size distribution of your sample.
- For cDNA amplification PCR, keep sample(s) on ice until the thermal cycler lid reaches 105°C to avoid digestion of primer by polymerase exonuclease activity.
- During bead binding and elution steps, pipette-mix until the beads are evenly distributed.
- Mix reactions by pipetting up and down 10 times, or until fully resuspended. Avoid introducing bubbles.

Temperature-sensitive reagents		
Iso-Seq express 2.0 kit 103-071-500		
	Tube color	Reagent
cDNA synthesis	Purple	Iso-Seq RT buffer 103-103-900
	Orange	Iso-Seq RT primer mix 103-104-000
	Yellow	Iso-Seq RT enzyme mix 103-104-100
	Blue	Iso-Seq Express TSO 2.0 103-104-300
cDNA amplification	Red	Iso-Seq cDNA PCR mix 103-104-200
	Green	Iso-Seq cDNA amplification primer 103-104-400
	White	Iso-Seq primer bc01 103-104-500
		Iso-Seq primer bc02 103-104-600
		Iso-Seq primer bc03 103-104-700
		Iso-Seq primer bc04 103-104-800
		Iso-Seq primer bc05 103-104-900
		Iso-Seq primer bc06 103-105-000
		Iso-Seq primer bc07 103-105-100
		Iso-Seq primer bc08 103-105-200
		Iso-Seq primer bc09 103-105-300
		Iso-Seq primer bc10 103-105-400
		Iso-Seq primer bc11 103-105-500
		Iso-Seq primer bc12 103-105-600

Add 10 μL of RM2 to the 9 μL from RM1 ([Section 2.2](#)) for a total volume of 19 μL .

✓	Tube	Reagent	Volume
2.3.3		Previous RM 1 from step 2.2	9 μL
		RM 2	10 μL
		Total volume	19 μL

2.3.4 Thoroughly mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then quick-spin to collect all liquid.

Incubate in a thermocycler with the following program.

Heated lid set at 52°C. Reaction volume set to 25 μL .

2.3.5	Temperature	Time
	42°C	45 min
	20°C	hold

Proceed **immediately** to the next step.

Remove the sample tube from the thermal cycler and add 2 μL of Iso-Seq template switch oligo to the 19 μL reaction at room temperature for a total volume of 21 μL .

✓	Tube color	Component	Volume
2.3.6	Blue	Iso-Seq Express TSO 2.0	2 μL

2.3.7 Thoroughly mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then quick-spin to collect all liquid.

Return sample tube to thermal cycler and incubate with the following program.

Heated lid set at 52°C. Reaction volume set to 25 μL .

2.3.8	Temperature	Time
	42°C	15 min
	4°C	hold

2.4 1.3X SMRTbell bead cleanup

✓	Step	Instructions
	2.4.1	For each sample, add 29 μL of elution buffer to the 21 μL reverse transcription and template switching reaction (Section 2.3) for a total volume of 50 μL .
	2.4.2	Add 65 μL (1.3X v/v) of resuspended, room-temperature SMRTbell cleanup beads.
	2.4.3	Mix beads by pipetting 10 times or until evenly distributed.
	2.4.4	Quick-spin strip tubes in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

- 2.4.5 Incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes to allow DNA to bind the beads.
- 2.4.6 Place the strip tubes in a magnetic separation rack until the beads separate fully from the solution.
- 2.4.7 Slowly remove the cleared supernatant without disturbing the beads. Discard the supernatant.
- 2.4.8 Slowly **dispense 200 μ L**, or enough to cover the beads, of **freshly prepared 80% ethanol** into the strip tube. Remove the 80% ethanol and discard.
- 2.4.9 Repeat the previous step.
- Remove residual 80% ethanol:
- Remove the strip tube from the magnetic separation rack.
 - Quick-spin the strip tube in a microcentrifuge.
- 2.4.10
- Place the strip tube back in a magnetic separation rack until beads separate fully from the solution.
 - Remove residual 80% ethanol and discard.
- 2.4.11 Remove the strip tube from the magnetic rack. Immediately **add 21 μ L of elution buffer** to the strip tube and resuspend the beads by pipetting 10 times or until evenly distributed.
- 2.4.12 Quick-spin the strip tube in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.
- 2.4.13 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes to elute the DNA.
- 2.4.14 Place the strip tube in a magnetic separation rack until the beads separate fully from the solution.
- 2.4.15 Slowly aspirate 21 μ L of the cleared eluate without disturbing the beads to a new strip tube. Discard the old strip tube with beads.
- 2.4.16 Proceed to the next step of the protocol.

3.2 Cleanup of amplified cDNA using SMRTbell Cleanup beads

Different SMRTbell cleanup ratios can be used to enrich for different lengths of cDNA. Select the cleanup ratio based on the intended downstream library preparation.

✓

Step

Instructions

3.2.1

Transfer **45 µL of PCR-amplified cDNA** from Section 3.1 into a clean strip tube . **The correct bead-to-sample ratio is critical at this step.** Refer to the table below for the appropriate bead ratio selection. Add 49.5 µL (1.1x v/v) of resuspended, room-temperature SMRTbell cleanup

SMRTbell cleanup bead Ratio	Bead volume (µL)	Recommended library prep kit
1.1X (v/v)	49.5 µL	Kinnex 8-fold Prep kit or Kinnex 12-fold Prep kit or SMRTbell Prep Kit 3.0
0.9X (v/v)	40.5 µL	Kinnex 8-fold Prep kit or SMRTbell Prep Kit 3.0

beads. If targeting longer cDNA, 40.5 µL of SMRTbell cleanup beads (0.9X v/v) can be used.

3.2.2

Mix beads by pipetting 10 times or until evenly distributed.

3.2.3

Quick-spin strip tubes in a microcentrifuge to collect liquid.

3.2.4

Incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes to allow DNA to bind beads.

3.2.5

Place the strip tubes in a magnetic separation rack until beads separate fully from the solution.

3.2.6

Slowly remove the cleared supernatant without disturbing the beads. Discard the supernatant.

3.2.7

Slowly **dispense 200 µL**, or enough to cover the beads, of **freshly prepared 80% ethanol** into the strip tube. Remove the 80% ethanol and discard.

3.2.8

Repeat the previous step.

3.2.9

Remove residual 80% ethanol:

- Remove the strip tube from the magnetic separation rack.
- Quick-spin the strip tube in a microcentrifuge.
- Place the strip tube back in a magnetic separation rack until beads separate fully from the solution.
- Remove residual 80% ethanol and discard.

3.2.10

Remove the strip tube from the magnetic rack. Immediately add the required volume of elution buffer and resuspend the beads by pipetting 10 times or until evenly distributed. Refer to the table below for the recommended elution volume for your selected downstream library prep kit:

Selected library prep kit	Elution volume (µl)
Kinnex 8-/ 12-fold Prep Kit	24 µl
SMRTbell Prep Kit 3.0	47 µl

- Preparing Kinnex libraries using Kinnex 12-fold prep kit for cDNA with a peak size of 1 – 2 kb

For generating monomer SMRTbell libraries, please refer to the protocol:

- Preparing multiplexed amplicon libraries using SMRTbell prep kit 3.0

PROTOCOL COMPLETE – Store at -20°C for long-term storage

Appendix

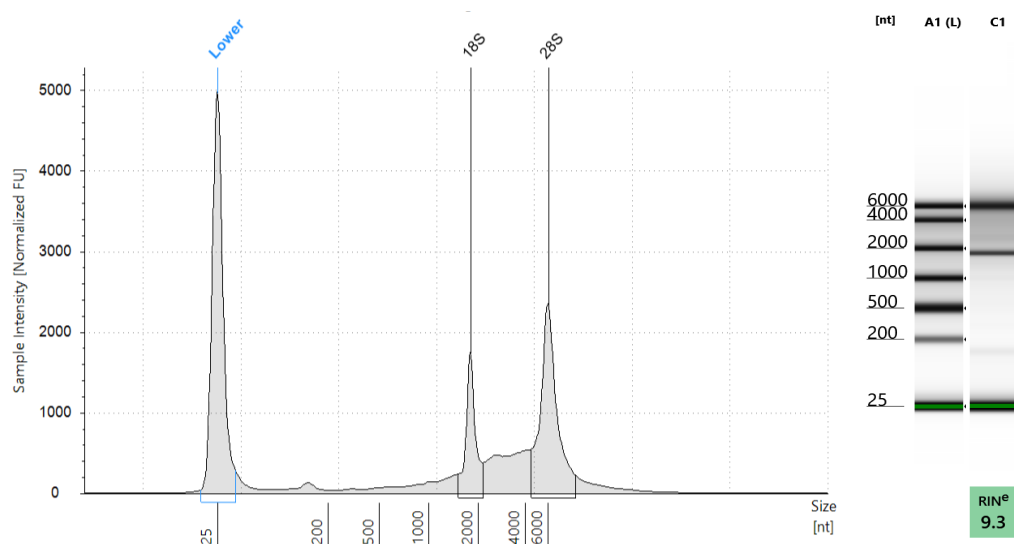


Figure 1. RNA quality control with TapeStation system

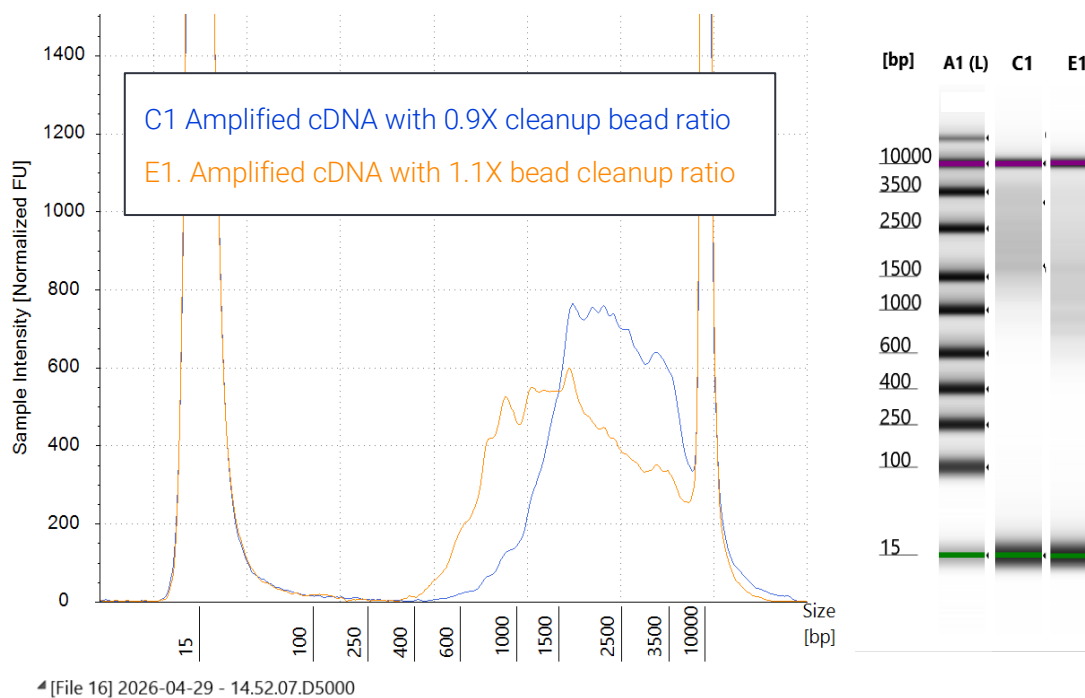


Figure 2. Size-selected amplified cDNA quality control with TapeStation system

APPENDIX COMPLETE

FAQs

1. Should I use 0.9x or 1.1x SMRTbell Cleanup bead ratio for post-cDNA amplification cleanup?

A **0.9X bead purification** typically yields a cDNA peak of **2–3 kb**, while a **1.1X bead purification** typically yields a peak of **1–2 kb** (see Figure 2 in the Appendix).

Choose the bead ratio based on the desired cDNA size distribution and downstream Kinnex workflow:

- **0.9X** bead ratio plus the **Kinnex 8-fold prep kit** to enrich longer cDNA fragments.
- **1.1X** bead ratio plus the **Kinnex 8-fold prep kit** to retain shorter cDNA fragments and increase sequencing quality value.
- **1.1X** bead ratio plus the **Kinnex 12-fold prep kit** to retain shorter cDNA fragments and increase S-read throughput.

For further enrichment of longer cDNA, use **0.86X** (v/v) SMRTbell cleanup bead ratio (38.7µL of SMRTbell cleanup beads to 45µL of cDNA amplification reaction). Do not use a bead ratio below **0.86X**, as this may result in low or no cDNA recovery.

2. I want to multiplex more samples at cDNA level, do you have more cDNA barcodes?

Yes, If a higher multiplex level is desired, please contact Technical Support for an expanded set of 96 barcodes.

Revision history (description)	Version	Date
Initial release	01	April 2022
Adjusted lid temperature, in step 5.1.6, to 75°C.	02	April 2022
Modified cDNA amplification PCR cycles to 12 for monomer, changed cDNA amplification post-cleanup elution volume.	03	December 2023
Minor updates throughout	04	March 2024
Minor updates throughout	05	May 2024
Updated for SPRQ chemistry and the Vega system	06	December 2024
Included Reagent and sample handling section, clarified polymerase kit part numbers	07	June 2025
Updated for Revio SPRQ-Nx	08	May 2026
Remove SPK3 library preparation	09	July 2026
Updated for new Kinnex kits	10	September 2026

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